Balance Sheet As At 31st March 2020 All amounts are in Mexican Peso

	Notes	As at 31st Mar 2020	As at 31st Mar 2019
ASSETS		515t War 2020	Jist Mar 2017
Non-current assets	3	9,682,510	1,028,129
(a) Property, plant and equipment (b) Financial Assets	3	9,062,510	1,020,129
(b) Financial Assets (i) Others	4	154,957	146,383
(c) Deferred tax assets (net)	5	43,842	140,363
(d) Other non-current assets	6	499,732	525,849
Total non-current assets	•	10,381,041	1,700,361
-			
. Current assets	-	15 500 225	11250110
(a) Inventories	7	15,509,335	14,350,119
(b) Financial Assets		0.100.100	0.710.017
(i) Trade receivables	8	8,193,189	8,758,943
(ii) Cash and cash equivalents	9	1,015,389	1,916,032
(c) Other current assets	10	3,426,892	4,736,579
Total current assets		28,144,805	29,761,673
Total assets		38,525,846	31,462,034
B EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
1 Equity			
(a) Equity share capital	11	6,110,000	6,110,000
(b) Other Equity		1,571,878	3,388,264
Total equity		7,681,878	9,498,264
2 Non-Current Liabilities			
(a) Financial Liabilities			
(i) Lease Liabilities	27	7,608,654	
		7,608,654	-
3 Current liabilities			
(a) Financial Liabilities			
(i) Trade payables	12	21,918,336	21,897,979
(ii) Lease Liabilities	27	1,233,020	
(b) Other current liabilities	13	83,958	65,791
Total current Liabilities		23,235,314	21,963,770
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIE	s	38,525,846	31,462,034

HLB Querétaro León Tello García y Asociados SC LTG080207TP5

Profit And Loss for the Year Ended 31st March 2020

All amounts are in Mexican Peso

From Operations come Total Income (I+ II) ES naterials consumed in inventories of finished goods and work-in-progress & lates to benefits expense costs tion and amortization expense conses Total expenses (IV)	16 17 18 19 20 21	67,455,365 1,746 67,457,111 46,098,838 (1,021,998) 8,334,745 337,484 1,666,111 12,571,172 67,986,352	64,933,115 269,897 65,203,012 49,179,867 (4,957,791) 7,157,181 238,078 384,987 11,296,082 63,298,403
Total Income (I+ II) ES naterials consumed in inventories of finished goods and work-in-progress & iates e benefits expense costs tion and amortization expense benses Total expenses (IV)	16 17 18 19 20 21	67,457,111 46,098,838 (1,021,998) 8,334,745 337,484 1,666,111 12,571,172	49,179,867 (4,957,791) 7,157,181 238,078 384,987 11,296,082
naterials consumed in inventories of finished goods and work-in-progress & iates the benefits expense costs tion and amortization expense thereses Total expenses (IV)	16 17 18 19 20 21	46,098,838 (1,021,998) 8,334,745 337,484 1,666,111 12,571,172	49,179,867 (4,957,791) 7,157,181 238,078 384,987 11,296,082
naterials consumed in inventories of finished goods and work-in-progress & iates to benefits expense toosts tion and amortization expense toenses Total expenses (IV)	17 18 19 20 21	(1,021,998) 8,334,745 337,484 1,666,111 12,571,172	(4,957,791) 7,157,181 238,078 384,987 11,296,082
in inventories of finished goods and work-in-progress & lates be benefits expense costs tion and amortization expense conses Total expenses (IV)	17 18 19 20 21	(1,021,998) 8,334,745 337,484 1,666,111 12,571,172	(4,957,791) 7,157,181 238,078 384,987 11,296,082
iates e benefits expense costs tion and amortization expense penses Total expenses (IV)	18 19 20 21	8,334,745 337,484 1,666,111 12,571,172	7,157,181 238,078 384,987 11,296,082
e benefits expense costs tion and amortization expense penses Total expenses (IV)	19 20 21	337,484 1,666,111 12,571,172	238,078 384,987 11,296,082
costs tion and amortization expense penses Total expenses (IV)	20 21	337,484 1,666,111 12,571,172	238,078 384,987 11,296,082
Total expenses (IV)	21 _	12,571,172	11,296,082
Total expenses (IV)			
• ` `	_	67,986,352	63,298,403
oss) before tax	_		
,		(529,241)	1,904,609
ense	22		
ax		1,016,157	1,086,966
tax	_	(15,872)	<u> </u>
expenses		1,000,285	1,086,966
ler tax	_	(1,529,525)	817,643
per equity share:	23		
		(250.74)	134.04
ed		(250.74)	134.04
g notes are an integral part of the financial statements.			
	er tax per equity share: d g notes are an integral part of the financial statements.	er tax per equity share: d g notes are an integral part of the financial statements. of event date	expenses 1,000,285 er tax (1,529,525) per equity share: 23 (250.74) (250.74) g notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Auditors & Consultants

HLB Querétaro con Tello García y Asociados SC

Place: Queretaro, MAGG80207TP5 Date: 20 April 2020

LABORATORIOS KARIZGO S.A. DE C.V. AV. FUENTES No. 70, SOCIEGA 5 PARQUE INDUSTRIAL FINEA EL MARQUES, QUIERETARO C.P. 76246 RFC: LIKAD310028L0 TEL: 442 962 09 47 , 48, 49

Eusebi Vila Viña Ramon Vila Viña

Director

Director

Notes forming part of the financial statements

Note

1 Legal status and principal activities

Laboratorios Karizoo sa de cv ("The Company"), incorporated in Mexcico, specialized in animal health, offers a vademécum of pharmacological injectables, oral solutions and proprietary medicated premixes that are distributed throughout the country.

Laboratorios Karizoo, sa de cv is 50% subsidiary company of Laboratorios Karizoo, sa., and 50% Subsidiary of Vila Vina Participacions S.L., both located in Barcelona (Spain), dedicated to the manufacture and distribution of animal health and nutrition products.

2 Significant accounting policies

2.1 Changes in accounting policies and disclosures:

New and amended standards

The Company applied Ind AS 116 Leases for the first time. The nature and effect of the changes as a result of adoption of this new accounting standard is described below.

Several other amendments apply for the first time for the year ending 31 March 2019, but do not have an impact on the consolidated financial statements of the Company. The Company has not early adopted any standards, amendments that have been issued but are not yet effective/notified.

Ind AS 116 Leases

Ind AS 116 supersedes Ind AS 17 Leases including its appendices (Appendix C of Ind AS 17 Determining whether an Arrangement contains a Lease, Appendix A of Ind AS 17 Operating Leases-Incentives and Appendix B of Ind AS 17 Evaluating the Substance of Transactions Involving the Legal Form of a Lease). The standard sets out the principles for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of leases and requires lessees to recognise most leases on the balance sheet.

Lessor accounting under Ind AS 116 is substantially unchanged from Ind AS 17. Lessors will continue to classify leases as either operating or finance leases using similar principles as in Ind AS 17. Therefore, Ind AS 116 does not have an impact for leases where the Company is the lessor.

The Company adopted Ind AS 116 using the full retrospective method of adoption, with the date of initial application on 1 April 2019. The Company elected to use the transition practical expedient to not reassess whether a contract is, or contains, a lease at 1 April 2019. Instead, the Company applied the standard only to contracts that were previously identified as leases applying Ind AS 17 and Appendix C of Ind AS 17 at the date of initial application. The Company also elected to use the recognition exemptions for lease contracts that, at the commencement date, have a lease term of 12 months or less and do not contain a purchase option (short-term leases), and lease contracts for which the underlying asset is of low value (low-value assets).

2.2 Basis of accounting and preparation of financial statements

The Financial Statements have been prepared on accrual basis under the historical cost convention except for certain categories of fixed assets that are carried at revalued amounts.

'The financial statements of Laboratorios Karizoo sa de cv ('the Company') have been prepared, in accordance with with the Accounting policies and standards in Mexico. The Financial Statements have been prepared on accrual basis.

Effective 1 June 2016, Alivira Animal Health Limited, Ireland (step down subsidiary of Sequent Scientific Limited) acquired stake of 60% in Vila Vina Participacions SL which is the holding company of Laboratorios Karizoo SA.

The financial statements are prepared for the period 1 April 2019 to 31 March 2020 for the purpose of consolidation with its ultimate holding Company 'Sequent Scientific Limited'

2.3 Tangible fixed assets

Fixed assets are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. The cost of fixed assets comprise its purchase price net of any trade discounts and rebates, any import duties and other taxes (other than the subsequently recoverable from the tax authorities), any directly attributable expenditure on making the asset ready for its intended use, other incidental expenses and interest on borrowings attributable to acquisition of qualifying fixed assets to the date the asset is ready for its intended use. Exchange differences arising on restatement/ settlement of long-term foreign currency borrowings relating to acquisition of depreciable fixed assets are adjusted to the cost of the respective assets and depreciated over the remaining useful life of such assets. Subsequent expenditure relating to fixed assets is capitalised only if such expenditure results in an increase in the future benefits from such asset beyond its previously assessed standard of performance.

2.4 Intangible fixed assets

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. The cost of intangible assets acquired in a business combination is their fair value at the date of acquisition. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Internally generated intangibles, excluding capitalised development costs, are not capitalised and the related expenditure is reflected in profit or loss in the period in which the expenditure is incurred.

The useful lives of intangible assets are assessed as either finite or indefinite.

Intangible assets with finite lives are amortised over the useful economic life and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortisation period and the amortisation method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at least at the end of each reporting period. Changes in the expected useful life or the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits embodied in the asset are considered to modify the amortisation period or method, as appropriate, and are treated as changes in accounting estimates. The amortisation expense on intangible assets with finite lives is recognised in the statement of profit and loss unless such expenditure forms part of carrying value of another asset.

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are not amortised, but are tested for impairment annually, either individually or at the cash-generating unit level. The assessment of indefinite life is reviewed annually to determine whether the indefinite life continues to be supportable. If not, the change in useful life from indefinite to finite is made on a prospective basis.

An intangible asset is derecognised upon disposal (i.e., at the date the recipient obtains control) or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising upon derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the statement of profit and loss, when the asset is derecognised.

2.5 Depreciation

Depreciation is provided under the straight-line method based on the useful lives:

Nature of Asset	Useful life in periods (range)
Plant and Machinery	2 -25
Office Equipment	3 - 10
Vehicles	2 - 8
Furniture and Fixtures	5 - 15

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2.6 Impairment of assets

The carrying values of assets / cash generating units at each balance sheet date are reviewed for impairment if any indication of impairment exists. The following intangible assets are tested for impairment each financial period even if there is no indication that the asset is impaired:

(a) an intangible asset that is not yet available for use; and (b) an intangible asset that is amortised over a period exceeding ten periods from the date when the asset is available for use.

If the carrying amount of the assets exceed the estimated recoverable amount, an impairment is recognised for such excess amount. The impairment loss is recognised as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss, unless the asset is carried at revalued amount, in which case any impairment loss of the revalued asset is treated as a revaluation decrease to the extent a revaluation reserve is available for that asset.

The recoverable amount is the greater of the net selling price and their value in use. Value in use is arrived at by discounting the future cash flows to their present value based on an appropriate discount factor.

When there is indication that an impairment loss recognised for an asset (other than a revalued asset) in earlier accounting periods no longer exists or may have decreased, such reversal of impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss, to the extent the amount was previously charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss. In case of revalued assets such reversal is not recognised.

2.7 Inventory

Inventories comprises of raw materials and finished goods. These are valued at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined on First in First out basis.

(i) Raw materials & packing material:

At purchase cost including other cost incurred in bringing materials to their present location and condition

(ii) Work in process, intermediates & Finished goods:

At material cost, conversion cost and appropriate share of production overheads

2.8 Revenue recognition

The Group presents revenue net of indirect taxes in its Statement of Profit and Loss.

Sale of goods

Revenue from sale of products is presented in the income statement within Revenue from operations. The Group presents revenue net of indirect taxes in its statement of profit and loss. Sale of products comprise revenue from sales of products, net of sales returns, and of customer discounts.

Revenue is recognised when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the Company and these benefits can be measured reliably. Further, revenue recognition requires that all significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods included in the transaction have been transferred to the buyer, and that Company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold. Performance obligations are satisfied at one point in time, typically on delivery. Revenue is recognized when the Company transfers control over the product to the customers; control of a product refers to the ability to direct the use of, and obtain substantially all of the remaining benefits from, that asset. The majority of revenue earned by the Company is derived from the satisfaction of a single performance obligation for each contract which is the sale of products.

Sales are measured at the fair value of consideration received or receivable. The amounts of rebates/incentives is estimated and accrued on each of the underlying sales transactions recognized. Returns and customer discounts are recognized in the period in which the underlying sales are recognized. The amount of sales returns is calculated on the basis of management's best estimate of the amount of product that will ultimately be returned by customers.

Services

Income from technical service, support services and other management fees is recognised when the services are completed as per the terms of the agreement and when no significant uncertainty as to its determination or realisation exists.

Income from analytical service is recognised when the services are completed as per the terms of the agreement and when no significant uncertainty as to its determination or realisation exists. Revenue is recognised net of taxes and discounts.

Export entitlements

Export entitlements from Government authorities are recognised in the statement of profit and loss when the right to receive credit as per the terms of the scheme is established in respect of the exports made by the Group, and where there is no significant uncertainty regarding the ultimate collection of the relevant export proceeds.

Interest and dividend income

Interest income from a financial asset is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the amount of income can be measured reliably. Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable.

Dividend income from investments is recognised when the right to receive payment has been established.

2.9 Employee benefits

Short term employee benefits are accrued based on the terms of employment when services are rendered by the employees and charged as an expense to the statement of profit and loss.

There are no carry forward of leave balances.

2.10 Foreign currency transactions

Initial recognition

Transactions in foreign currencies entered into by the Company are accounted at the exchange rates prevailing on the date of the transaction or at rates that closely approximate the rate at the date of the transaction.

Foreign currency monetary items of the Company outstanding at the Balance Sheet date are restated at the period-end rates. Non monetary items of the Company are carried at historical cost. Revenue and expenses are translated at the average exchange rates prevailing during the period.

Treatment of exchange differences

Exchange differences arising on settlement / restatement of foreign currency monetary assets and liabilities of the Company are recognised as income or expense in the statement of profit and loss.

2.11 Taxes on income

Income Tax comprises the current tax provision. Current tax is the amount of tax payable on the taxable income for the period.

2.12 Earnings per share (EPS)

In determining the Earnings per share, the Company considers the net profit after tax. The number of shares used in computing Basic Earnings per share is the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. The number of shares used in computing Diluted Earnings per share comprises the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving Basic earnings per share and also the weighted average number of equity shares that could have been issued on the conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares. Dilutive potential equity shares are deemed converted as of the beginning of the period unless issued at a later date.

Jm Date

2.13 Provisions and contingencies

A provision is recognized when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past event and it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, in respect of which reliable estimate can be made. Provisions (excluding retirement benefits) are not discounted to its present value and are determined based on best estimate required to settle the obligation at the balance sheet date. These are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate. Contingent liabilities are not recognized but are disclosed in the notes to financial statements.

2.14 Use of estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with the Accounting Standards generally accepted in India requires that the Management makes estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent liabilities as at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reported period. Management believes that the estimates used in preparation of financial statement are prudent and reasonable. Actual results could differ from those estimates and the estimates are recognised in the period in which the results are known/materialise.

2.15 Segment

Segments have been identified taking into account the nature of services, the differing risks and returns, the organizational structure and the internal reporting system.

2.16 Insurance claims

Insurance claims are accounted for on the basis of claims admitted / expected to be admitted and to the extent that there is no uncertainty in receiving the claims.

2.17 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs include interest, amortisation of ancillary costs incurred and exchange differences arising from foreign currency borrowings to the extent they are regarded as an adjustment to the interest cost. Costs in connection with the borrowing of funds to the extent not directly related to the acquisition of qualifying assets are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss over the tenure of the loan.

2.18 Leases

At the commencement date of the lease, the Company recognises lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including insubstance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Company and payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Company exercising the option to terminate. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as expenses (unless they are incurred to produce inventories) in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Company uses its incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date because the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in the lease payments (e.g., changes to future payments resulting from a change in an index or rate used to determine such lease payments) or a change in the assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset.

The Company's lease liabilities are included in Interest-bearing loans and borrowings (see Note 29).

2.19 Cash flow statement

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit / (loss) before extraordinary items and tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of non-cash nature and any deferrals or accruals of past or future cash receipts or payments. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities are segregated based on the available information.

2.20 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash comprises cash on hand and demand deposits with banks. Cash equivalents are short-term balances (with an original maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition), highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value.

2.21 Operating Cycle

Based on the nature of products / activities of the Company and the normal time between acquisition of assets and their realisation in cash or cash equivalents, the Company has determined its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of classification of its assets and liabilities as current and non-current.

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LABORATORIOS KARIZOO, S.A. DE C.V. (Mexico)
Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March, 2020
All amounts are in Mexican Peso

Note 3: Property, plant and equipment

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2020	As at As at 31 March, 2019	
Carrying Amount of:			
Furniture and fixtures	137,729	131,963	
Computers	72,840		
Plant and machinery	150,415		
Vehicles	625,992	695,627	
Right to use Assets	8,695,535		
Total	9,682,510	1,028,129	

Particulars	Furniture and fixtures	Computers	Plant and machinery	Vehicles	Right to use Assets	Total
Cost or deemed cost						
Balance as on 01 April, 2018	45,319	279.243	111,543	798,432		1,234,538
Assets acquired	100,443	56,853	80,092	644,473		198'188
Deletions		,	(08,000)	(570,209)		(638,209)
Balance as on 01 April, 2019	145,762	336,096	123,635	872,697		1,478,190
Assets acquired	22,047	29,697	78,183	182,055	10,008,512	10,320,492
Deletions						
Balance as on 31 March, 2020	167,809	365,793	201,818	1,054,751	10,008,512	11,798,682
Particulars	Furniture and fixtures	Computers	Plant and machinery	Vehicles	Right to use Assets	Total

Particulars	Furniture and fixtures	Computers	Plant and machinery	Vehicles	Right to use Assets	Total
Accumulated depreciation and impairment						
Balance as on 01 April, 2018	6,057	124,801	19,500	74,262	,	224,619
Depreciation / amortisation expense for the year	7,743	99,164	15,726	262,354	,	384,987
Accumulated depreciation for assets sold				(159,545)		(159,545)
Balance as on 01 April, 2019	13,800	223,965	35,226	177,070		450,061
Depreciation / amortisation expense for the year	16,280	886'89	16,177	251,689	1,312,976	1,666,111
Accumulated depreciation for assets sold						
Balance as on 31 March, 2020	30,080	292,954	51,403	428,760	1,312,976	2,116,172
Particulars	Furniture and fixtures	Computers	Plant and machinery	Vehicles	Right to use Assets	Total
Carrying amount Balance as on 01 April, 2019	131,963	112,131	88,409	695,627		1,028,129
Balance as on 31 March, 2020	137,729	72,840	150,415	625,992	8,695,535	9,682,510

LABORATORIOS KARIZOO, S.A. DE C.V. (Mexico) Notes to the financial statements for the Year ended 31st December 2019 All amounts are in Mexican Peso

Note no	Particulars	As at	As at
1010 110	Turkeurs	31st Mar 2020	31st Mar 2019
4	Financial assets - Long term loans and advances		
,	Security Deposits	154,957	146,383
		154,957	146,383
5	Deferred tax assets (net)	111	
	Deferred tax (IND AS 116)	43,842	
		43,842	
6	Other non-current assets		
	Prepaid expenses	499,732	525,849
		499,732	525,849
7	Inventories		
	(At lower of cost and net realisable value)		
	Raw materials and packing materials	1,152,595	1,015,37
		1,152,595	1,015,377
	Work-in-progress and intermediates	1	681,42
	Finished goods	8,245,322	4,420,973
	Stock in trade	2,133,628	4,468,40
	Stock in trade (In Transit)	3,977,790	3,763,944
		14,356,740	12,653,321
		15,509,335	14,350,119
	Financial Assets		
8	Trade receivables		
	(a) Unsecured, considered good	8,023,266	8,675,919
		8,023,266	8,675,919
	Other Debts	140.000	02.00
	(a) Unsecured, considered good Less: Provision for doubtful debts	169,923	83,024
	Less: Provision for doubtful debts	8,193,189	9 759 042
9	Cosh and each equivalents	0,193,109	8,758,943
9	Cash and cash equivalents Cash with Employees	21,000	48,27
	Balances with banks	21,000	40,27
	- In current accounts	994,389	1,867,76
	III dall die decodino	1,015,389	1,916,032
10	Other current assets	2,020,000	1,710,002
	Advance to supplier		52,510
	Balances with government authorities	3,074,409	3,918,709
	Advance Income-Tax including tax deducted at source	352,483	765,360
	(Net off Tax Provision 31 Mar 20 Pesos 1.01 Million; 31 Mar 19 Pesos 1.09 Million)		
		3,426,892	4,736,579
12	Trade payable		
	Trade payable	21,918,336	21,897,979
		21,918,336	21,897,979
13	Other Current Liabilities		
	Other payables		
	Statutory remittances	83,958	65,791
		83,958	65,791

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LABORATORIOS KARIZOO, S.A. DE C.V. (Mexico) Notes to accounts All amounts are in Mexican Peso unless otherwise stated

-	(a) Equity share capital	As at 31st Mar 2020 No. of Shares Amou	far 2020 Amount		As at 31st No. of Shares	As at 31st Mar 2019 f Shares Amount	
~ ~	(i) Authorised Share Capital 6110 share of Peso 1000 each	6,100	6,110,000		6,100	6,110,000	
_	(ii) Issued Share Capital						
-	6110 share of Peso 1000 each	6,100	6,110,000		6,100	6,110,000	
_	Notes :					000000000000000000000000000000000000000	
_	(i) Reconciliation of the number of shares and amount outstanding at the beginning and end of the reporting period	standing at the beginning	g and end of the	reporting period			
		As at 31st Mar 2020	Aar 2020		As at 31st	As at 31st Mar 2019	
		No. of Shares	Amount		No. of Shares	Amount	
_	No. Equity shares	6,110	6,110,000		6,110	6,110,000	
- A1	Add: Shares ssued during the period Shares outstanding at the end of the period	6,110	6.110.000		6.110	6.110.000	
	Name of Share Holders	No. of Shares	% holding		No. of Shares	% holding	
	Vila Viña Participacions S.L.	3,055	20%		3,055	20%	
_	Laboratorios Karizoo, S.A.	3,055	20%		3,055	20%	
_	(b) Other Equity	Asat	As at 31st Mar 2020		V	As at 31st Mar 2019	
		Retained Earnings	General	Total	Retained Earnings	General reserve	Total
_	Balance at the beginning of the reporting year Add-Profit / Loss) for the year	6,308,929	(2,920,667)	3,388,261	5,491,285	(2,920,667)	2,570,618
,	Lease Impact as per IND AS 116 Deferred tax impact on lease	(93,230) 27,969		(93,230)			
_ ,	Less : Dividends	(221,598)		(221,598)			
-	Balance at the end of the reporting year	4,492,545	(2,920,667)	1,571,878	6,308,929	(2,920,667)	3,388,261

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st December 2019 All amounts are in Mexican Peso unless otherwise stated

lote no	Particulars	Year ended 31 Mar 2020	Year ended
14	Revenue from operations		
	a) Sale of products	66,293,167	63,958,761
	d) Other operating revenues	1,162,198	974,354
		67,455,365	64,933,115
15	Other Income		
	Interest income	17	34
	Other non-operating income	1,729	269,862
		1,746	269,897
16	Cost of materials consumed	1016355	2 102 (40
	Opening stock	1,015,377	2,193,640
	Add: Purchases	46,236,056	48,001,603
	Less: Closing stock	1,152,595	1,015,377
		46,098,838	49,179,867
17	Changes in inventories of finished goods and work-in-progress	& intermediates	
	Opening stock		
	Work-in-progress and intermediates	681,421	1,945,757
	Finished goods	4,420,973	3,041,685
	Stock in trade	8,232,348	3,389,509
		13,334,742	8,376,951
	Closing stock		
	Work-in-progress and intermediates	1	681,421
	Finished goods	8,245,322	4,420,973
	Stock in trade	6,111,418	8,232,348
		14,356,740	13,334,742
	Net (increase) / decrease	(1,021,998)	(4,957,791
18	Employee benefits expense	57.46.00	
	Salaries and wages	8,100,454	6,905,930
	Staff welfare expenses	234,292	251,251
19	F:	8,334,745	7,157,181
19	Finance costs	1/2 00/	200 100
	Interest expense	162,996	202,132
	Other borrowing costs	36,441	35,946
	Lease Interest expense	138,047	220.050
20	Depreciation and amortization expense	337,484	238,078
20	Tangible assets	1,666,111	384,987
	Tangible 25005	1,666,111	384,987
21	Other expenses	1,000,111	504,707
	Travel expenses	1,157,519	1,669,481
	Communication expenses	199,062	175,067
	Consumables	295,681	241,825
	Legal and Professional charges	1,588,024	1,429,823
	Freight and forwarding	835,533	667,583
	Power and fuel	791,702	777,800
	Rent expenses	59,411	1,371,736
	Analytical charges	1,108,545	552,463
	Repairs to buildings	61,832	26,801
	Repairs to others	383,125	291,442
	Insurance	361,380	220,300
	Advertisement and selling expenses	1,144,740	2,038,058
	Marketing Expenses	508,470	500,183
	Rates and taxes	390,832	474,993
	Net loss on foreign currency transactions and translation	2,889,099	782,978
	Other expenses	796,216	75,549
		12,571,172	11,296,082

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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st December 2019

All amounts are in Mexican Peso unless otherwise stated

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Foreign currency exposure

Foreign currency

Trade Payable in USD

Trade Payable in Euros

ote no	Particulars	Year ended 31 Mar 2020	Year ended 31 Mar 2019
22	Tax expense	011.1111	
	Current tax	1,016,157	1,086,966
	Deferred tax	(15,872)	-
		1,000,285	1,086,966
23	Earning per Share		
	Particulars	01 Apr 2019 to	01 Apr 2018 to
		31 March, 2020	31 March, 2019
	Net profit / (loss) for the period as per statement of profit and loss	(1,529,525)	817,643
	Net profit / (loss) for the period attributable to the equity shareholders	(1,529,525)	817,643
	Weighted average number of equity shares	6,100	6,100
	Earnings / (Loss) per share - Basic	(250.74)	134.04
	Earnings / (Loss) per share - Diluted	(250.74)	134.04
	Segments have been identified taking into account the nature of services, to organizational structure and the internal reporting system. Primary Segment: Business Segment The Company through its subsidiaries is primarily engaged in the business Pharmecutical products. Considering the nature of the business and the firm	s of trading and market	ing of
	organizational structure and the internal reporting system. Primary Segment: Business Segment	s of trading and market nancial reporting of the tt.	ing of
	Primary Segment: Business Segment The Company through its subsidiaries is primarily engaged in the business Pharmecutical products. Considering the nature of the business and the fir company has only one business segment as the primary reportable segment All the activities of the company are in Mexico.	s of trading and market nancial reporting of the it.	ing of company, the
I	Primary Segment: Business Segment The Company through its subsidiaries is primarily engaged in the business Pharmecutical products. Considering the nature of the business and the fir company has only one business segment as the primary reportable segment All the activities of the company are in Mexico. Revenue From Operations	s of trading and market nancial reporting of the it. Year ended 31 Mar 2020	ing of company, the Year ended 31 Mar 2019
I	Primary Segment: Business Segment The Company through its subsidiaries is primarily engaged in the business Pharmecutical products. Considering the nature of the business and the fir company has only one business segment as the primary reportable segment All the activities of the company are in Mexico. Revenue From Operations Rest of the World	Year ended 31 Mar 2020 67,455,365	Year ended 31 Mar 2019 64,933,115
I	Primary Segment: Business Segment The Company through its subsidiaries is primarily engaged in the business Pharmecutical products. Considering the nature of the business and the fir company has only one business segment as the primary reportable segment All the activities of the company are in Mexico. Revenue From Operations	s of trading and market nancial reporting of the it. Year ended 31 Mar 2020	ing of company, the Year ended 31 Mar 2019
Ι	Primary Segment: Business Segment The Company through its subsidiaries is primarily engaged in the business Pharmecutical products. Considering the nature of the business and the fir company has only one business segment as the primary reportable segment All the activities of the company are in Mexico. Revenue From Operations Rest of the World	Year ended 31 Mar 2020 67,455,365	Year ended 31 Mar 2019 64,933,115
П	Primary Segment: Business Segment The Company through its subsidiaries is primarily engaged in the business Pharmecutical products. Considering the nature of the business and the fir company has only one business segment as the primary reportable segment All the activities of the company are in Mexico. Revenue From Operations Rest of the World	Year ended 31 Mar 2020 67,455,365	Year ended 31 Mar 2019 64,933,115
	Primary Segment: Business Segment The Company through its subsidiaries is primarily engaged in the business Pharmecutical products. Considering the nature of the business and the fir company has only one business segment as the primary reportable segment All the activities of the company are in Mexico. Revenue From Operations Rest of the World Total	Year ended 31 Mar 2020 67,455,365 As at	Year ended 31 Mar 2019 64,933,115 64,933,115
	Primary Segment: Business Segment The Company through its subsidiaries is primarily engaged in the business Pharmecutical products. Considering the nature of the business and the fir company has only one business segment as the primary reportable segment All the activities of the company are in Mexico. Revenue From Operations Rest of the World Total Total Assets	Year ended 31 Mar 2020 67,455,365 As at 31 Mar 2020	Year ended 31 Mar 2019 64,933,115 64,933,115
	Primary Segment: Business Segment The Company through its subsidiaries is primarily engaged in the business Pharmecutical products. Considering the nature of the business and the fir company has only one business segment as the primary reportable segment All the activities of the company are in Mexico. Revenue From Operations Rest of the World Total Total Assets Rest of the World	Year ended 31 Mar 2020 67,455,365 67,455,365 As at 31 Mar 2020 38,525,846 38,525,846	Year ended 31 Mar 2019 64,933,115 64,933,115 As at 31 Mar 2019 31,462,034 31,462,034
	Primary Segment: Business Segment The Company through its subsidiaries is primarily engaged in the business Pharmecutical products. Considering the nature of the business and the fir company has only one business segment as the primary reportable segment All the activities of the company are in Mexico. Revenue From Operations Rest of the World Total Total Assets Rest of the World Total Segment Assets	Year ended 31 Mar 2020 67,455,365 67,455,365 As at 31 Mar 2020 38,525,846 38,525,846 Year ended	Year ended 31 Mar 2019 64,933,115 64,933,115 As at 31 Mar 2019 31,462,034 Year ended
П	Primary Segment: Business Segment The Company through its subsidiaries is primarily engaged in the business Pharmecutical products. Considering the nature of the business and the fir company has only one business segment as the primary reportable segment All the activities of the company are in Mexico. Revenue From Operations Rest of the World Total Total Assets Rest of the World	Year ended 31 Mar 2020 67,455,365 67,455,365 As at 31 Mar 2020 38,525,846 38,525,846 Year ended 31 Mar 2020	Year ended 31 Mar 2019 64,933,115 64,933,115 As at 31 Mar 2019 31,462,034 Year ended 31 Mar 2019
П	Primary Segment: Business Segment The Company through its subsidiaries is primarily engaged in the business Pharmecutical products. Considering the nature of the business and the fir company has only one business segment as the primary reportable segment All the activities of the company are in Mexico. Revenue From Operations Rest of the World Total Total Assets Rest of the World Total Segment Assets Cost incurred during the Year to acquire Segment Assets	Year ended 31 Mar 2020 67,455,365 67,455,365 As at 31 Mar 2020 38,525,846 38,525,846 Year ended	Year ended 31 Mar 2019 64,933,115 64,933,115 As at 31 Mar 2019 31,462,034 Year ended

As at

877,529 108,000

31 Mar 2019

As at

31 Mar 2020

746,018

221,414

LABORATORIOS KARIZOO, S.A. DE C.V. (Mexico) Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March, 2020 All amounts are in Mexican Peso

27 Details of leasing arrangements	
The Company's significant leasing arrangement is mainly in respect of Vehicle.	
The following is the movement in lease liabilities during the year ended 31 March 2020:	
	Year ended 31 March 2020
Balance as at 1 April 2019	9,903,664
Addition during the year	198,078
Accretion of interest	138,047
Payments	(1,398,115)
Balance as at 31 March 2020	8,841,674
Ситтепт	1,233,020
Non-current	7,608,654
The effective interest rate for lease liabilities is 1.5%	
The following are the amounts recognised in profit or loss:	
	Year ended
	31 March 2020
Depreciation expense of right-of-use assets	1,312,976
Interest expense on lease liabilities	138,047
Total amount recognised in profit or loss	1,451,023

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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March, 2020 All amounts are in Mexican Peso

30 Related Party Disclosures:

A List of related parties:

i) Holding company:

Vila Viña Participacions S.L.

Laboratorios Karizoo, S.A.

Alivira Animal Health Limited, Ireland (Holding company of Vila Viña Participacions S.L.)

Alivira Animal Health Limited, India (Holding company of Alivira Animal Health Limited, Ireland)

Sequent Scientific Limited, India (Ultimate Holding Company)

ii) Fellow Subsidiary:

Phytotherapic Solutions S.L. Comercial Vila Veterinaria De Lleida S.L

iii) Key Management Personnel

Ramon Vila Viña Eusebi Vila Viña

iv) Other Group Subsidiaries :

Alivira Italia S.R.L

Bremer Pharma Gmbh

Fendigo SA

Fendigo BV

N-Vet AB

Provet Veterinerlik Urunleri Tic. Ltd. Sti

Tomkim Ilac Premiks San. ve Tic. A.S

Alivira (France)

Alivira UA Limited

Alivira Saude Animal Brasil Participacoes Ltda

Evance Saude Animal Ltda

Interchange Veterinária Indústria E Comércio Ltda.

B. Transaction during the period

Nature of transactions	Year ended 31 Mar 2020	Year ended 31 Mar 2019
(i) Purchases		
Phytotherapic Solutions S.L.	2,833,425	612,254
(ii) Marketing Expenses Received		
Phytotherapic Solutions S.L.	254,071	146,304
(iii) Interest Expense		
Laboratorios Karizoo S.A.	21,666	4,565
(xiii) Dividend Paid		
Vila Viña Participacions S.L.	107,784	-
Laboratorios Karizoo S.A.	107,784	

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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March, 2020

All amounts are in Mexican Peso

C. Balance as at balance sheet date:

Particulars	As at 31st Mar 2020	As at 31st Mar 2019
(i) Trade payables		
Phytotherapic Solutions S.L.	5,028,267	2,391,567
Laboratorios Karizoo S.A.	538,802	476.396
(ii) Trade Receivables		
Phytotherapic Solutions S.L.	83,870	83,870

As per our report of event date

HLB LEÓN TELLO GARCÍA Y ASOCIADOS, S.C.

Auditors & Consultants

Place: Queretaro, Mexico Date : 20 April 2020

FOR AND ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

LABORATORIOS KARIZOO S.A. DE C.V. AV. FUENTES No. 79, BODIEGA 5 PARQUE INDUSTRIAL FINSA EL. MARQUES, QUERETARO C.P. 76248 RFC: LIKA0310028L0 TEL: 442 962 09 47 , 48, 49

Eusebi Vila Viña Director

Ramon Vila Viña Director

HLB Querétaro León Tello García y Asociados SC LTG080207TP5